Birth HepB'

Immunization Timing 2018

Age 2 months	Interval from previous dose
DTaP (Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis)	
Polio (IPV)	
HepB ²	1-2
(age: 1-2 months)	months after birth dose
(age: 1-2	after birth
(age: 1-2 months)	after birth

Age 4 months	Interval from previous dose
DTaP	1-2 months
Polio	1-2 months
HepB ²	1-2 months if 1st dose given at 2 months of age
Hib	1-2 months
PCV	1-2 months
RV ³	4-10 weeks

Age 6 months	Interval from previous dose
DTaP	1-2 months
Polio (age: 6-18 months)	1-14 months
HepB ² (age: 6-18 months)	2-12 months and at least 4 months after first dose
Hib ⁴	1-2 months
PCV	1-2 months
RV ³	4-10 Weeks and if RV-5 (RotaTeq) used for doses 1 or 2

Age 12 months	Interval from previous dose
HepA (age: 12-23 months)	
MMR ^{5,6} (age: 12-15 months)	
Varicella ⁶ (age: 12-15 months)	
Hib (age: 12-15 months)	2-8 months

Age 15 months	Interval from previous dose
DTaP [®]	6-12 months



Age 4-6 years	Age 11-12 years	Age 16 years
DTaP Polio (IPV) MMR ^{5,6} Varicella ⁶	_	MenACWY (MCV4) MenB ¹⁰

Every Fall: Everyone 6 months Flu Vaccine and older

This is a suggested schedule. For alternatives and details, including additional recommendations for high-risk children, consult the Recommended Immunization Schedule for Children and Adolescents Aged 18 Years or Younger, UNITED STATES, 2018.

- Monovalent HepB vaccine is recommended within 24 hours of birth for stable infants weighing >2 kg. For others, see schedule.
- A dose of HepB vaccine is not necessary at 4 months if doses are given at birth and 2 months but may be included as part of a combination vaccine. The final dose (3®D/4™) should be given after age 24 wks. and at least 16 wks. after 1st dose.
- Administer first dose at age 6 wks-14 wks. (Max. age: 14 wks., 6 days). Max. age for final dose in the series: 8 months, 0 days. If any dose of RV5 is given or product is unknown, a total of three RV doses are needed.
- ⁴ This 6 month Hib dose is not indicated if PedvaxHIB® is used exclusively for the 2 and 4 month infant doses.
- Min. interval between 1ST and 2ND dose is 4 wks. Administer 1 dose of MMR to infants 6 11 months before international travel. Two MMR doses should still be given on or after 12 months of age.
- Minimum intervals: Ages 1-12 year: 3 months. Ages 13 years and older: 4 weeks. MMRV may be used when both MMR and Varicella vaccines are indicated. For the 1st dose at 12-15 months, MMR and varicella vaccines should typically be given unless the parent or caregiver prefers MMRV.
- ⁷ Final dose of PCV series should be given at ≥12 months of age or after.
- ⁸ The 4th dose of DTaP may be administered as early as 12 months, provided at least 6 months have elapsed since the 3⁸⁰ DTaP dose.
- 9 HPV vaccine should be given on a 0, 6-12 month schedule for 9-14 year olds (min. interval is 5 months). If patient is immunocompromised or initiates series at 15 years or older, use a 3 dose schedule (0, 1-2, 6 months).
- A MenB vaccine series may be given to all persons 16 through 23 years of age. See MMWR for details.



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